The Myths of Artificial Turf



What is Artificial Turf?

 Plastic grass on a plastic backing with "infill" to hold the blades up



Artificial Turf is *Bad* for the Environment

• For decades, environmentalists were focused on crumb rubber infill



Crumb Rubber is Dangerous

- polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)
- metals (like lead, cadmium, etc.)
- volatile organic compounds (VOCs)
- plasticizers
- carbon black
- styrene (neurotoxic)
- butadiene (carcinogen)
- flame retardants
- etc.

Crumb rubber kills fish

- 2021 paper showed chemicals in tires killed coho salmon in Washington (6PPD-quinone)
- 2022 paper showed same effects on rainbow and brook trout



Industry is moving away from crumb rubber...

- ...toward "organic" infills:
- walnut shells
- coconut husks
- BrockFILL (engineered wood)
- Ground up sneakers
- Silica sand
- Cork

But this does not solve the problem, as the turf contains toxic chemicals!

(And crumb rubber is still used as base layer under PIP!)

Infill is the least of our worries...

- In 2019, PEER discovered that artificial turf contains per-and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS)
- Class of thousands of chemicals
- Nicknamed "forever chemicals"
- All are persistent because of C-F bond
- Many bioaccumulate
- All we have studied are toxic

Virtually no safe level

- In fact, in June of 2022, EPA issued interim health advisories stating that there is virtually no safe level of PFOA and PFOS in drinking water
- PFAS routes of exposure: 1) inhalation; 2) dermal absorption; and 3) ingestion

PFAS leaches off artificial turf fields into water

- Dr. Graham Peaslee of Notre Dame University has tested dozens of samples of artificial turf...and found PFAS in every one
- Real world examples show that water around artificial turf quickly becomes contaminated
- In Martha's Vineyard, a study shows that 12 ppt of 6 PFAS leaches off a new field (more as the field ages)

Artificial turf sheds microplastics

• 218 kg/year (480 pounds/year)



Microplastics pollute water; little toxic bombs

- Some fields have had to close because of microplastic pollution
- Each shred contains harmful chemicals, including PFAS
- "I like to compare synthetic turf to a bad relationship . . . It gets dangerously hot, it's toxic to everyone around me, it's unsustainable . . . and it's really hard to get rid of." Diana E. Conway, President, Safe Healthy Playing Fields, Inc.

Artificial Turf Contributes to Climate Change

- natural grass absorbs CO² and releases oxygen
- artificial turf does the opposite (releases CO², methane, other chemicals)
- manufacturing, installation, service and disposal of a 2-acre artificial turf field is responsible for the generation of a total of 55.6 tons of CO²

What Does Industry Say?

- Real grass requires pesticides...
- Real grass requires too much water (especially with climate change/droughts)...
- Real grass doesn't give you enough play time...
- Real grass is too expensive ...
- Artificial turf is "green" because it can be recycled ...

None of this is true.

Lione Park: 2,700' and 6,600' from Long Island Sound



West Beach AT fields: 910' and 1,300' from Long Island Sound



Artificial Turf is *BAD* for the Environment

- There is *no* benefit to artificial turf
- Environmental damage will be felt for decades to come
- Drought/climate change is an issue, but artificial turf is not the answer
- Artificial turf does not handle extreme precipitation well
- Industry will tell you artificial turf is the gold standard; it is not. Some industry reps do not know there is PFAS in their products

Artificial turf is **BAD** economically

- AT is more expensive to maintain properly
- AT does need watering
- AT does need to be replaced (and infill needs to be replaced every year)
- The potential liability issues are huge

Liability Issues

- EPA is issuing regulatory limits on some PFAS this month
- States are making more stringent MCLs
- Class action suits for contaminated water abound
- Municipalities must require "PFAS-free" materials, backed up by independent testing, including leaching tests

Conclusion

